

ADICCIÓN A INTERNET. INTERNET ADDICTION

The journal *Escritos de Psicología - Psychological Writings* will soon be publishing a monograph entitled: *Adicción a internet, Internet Addiction*. We invite researchers on this topic to submit their papers. The specifications of the proposal are provided below. We ask for your collaboration in alerting colleagues who may be interested in the proposal.

MONOGRAPH: *Adicción a internet, Internet Addiction*

SPECIFICATIONS

In 1996, K. Young published *Internet addiction: the emergence of a new disorder*, which was considered to be the first study in this field. Internet addiction has been categorized as "behavioral addiction" (Marks, 1990), rather than chemical addiction, or as "technological addiction", implying human-machine interaction (Griffiths, 1995). The American Psychiatric Association (APA) has only included *Internet Gaming Disorder* (IGD) in the appendix of the DSM-5 as a condition that requires further research before being included in the main text. However, as Kuss and Lopez-Fernandez (2016) suggested, limiting this field exclusively to IGD overlooks large numbers of people who experience negative consequences and significant difficulties in their lives due to addictions associated with the use of the Internet. Young (1999) has already described several specific types of addiction that would fall within the general term:

- *Addiction to online relationships*. Excessive focus and involvement in online relationships, including addiction to social networks, such as Facebook, Twitter, and so on.
- *Addiction to cybersex*. Downloading, using, and trading pornographic material; being involved in adult chats and obsessed with cybersex and pornographic content.
- *Addiction to online gaming*. This addiction includes a wide range of behaviour such as betting, IGD, videogames, and obsessive shopping and trading over the internet.
- *Addiction to hyperinformation*. Compulsive searching of web pages and databases.

The topics of the papers to be published in this issue would include the characteristics of internet addiction, diagnostic instruments, comorbidities, and treatment. Olatz Lopez-Fernandez (*Monash University*, Australia) will assume the role of editor of this monographic issue.

Deadline for submitting papers: September 30, 2019

Date of notification of the editorial decision: October 30, 2019

Date of submitting the final version: November 30, 2019

Date of publication: December 30, 2019

In order to guarantee their originality, novelty, relevance, and intelligibility, all articles will be selected via a rigorous anonymous peer-review process.

Papers should be submitted through the journal website: www.escritosdepsicologia.es. The text and any tables should be sent as a Microsoft Word file. All figures should be submitted as separate JPG or TIFF files. Authors should adhere to the APA publication standards: *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association (6th ed)*. Washington. Please see the "Instructions for authors" on our website (<http://www.escritosdepsicologia.es/esp/normasautores.html>).

Escritos de Psicología is included in the following databases: Dialnet, DICE, EBSCO, e-revist@s, Directory of Open Access Journals (DOAJ), Directory DULCINEA, IN-RECS, J-Gate, LATINDEX, PSICODOC, RECOLECTA, REDALYC, SciELO, and Ulrich's International Periodicals Directory. According to Google Scholar Metrics (2009-2013), the journal has an H-index of 8 (19 of 39).

The Fundación Española para la Ciencia y la Tecnología (FECYT: Spanish Foundation for Science and Technology) has awarded **Escritos de Psicología-Psychological Writings** a rating of "Excellent" and the Quality Seal.

References

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